



विद्या सर्वार्थ साधिका

ANANDALAYA PERIODIC TEST- 3

Class: IX

Subject: SOCIAL SCIENCE

Date: 04-01-2024

M.M: 40

Time :1 hr 30 min

General Instructions:

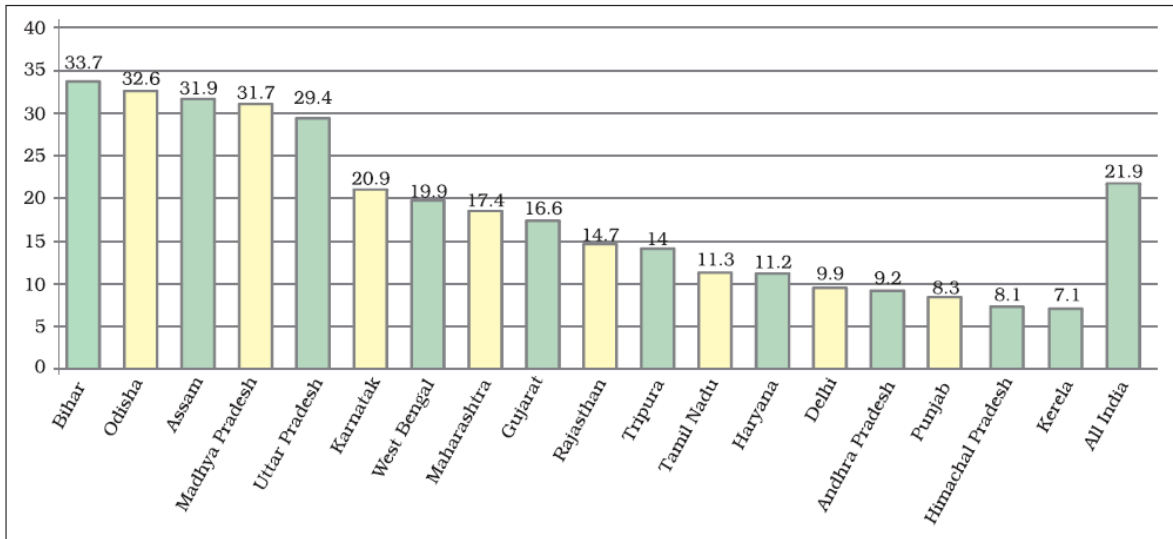
- i. This Question paper is divided into five sections-Section A, B, C, D, E, F
- ii. Section-A: Question no. 1 to 9 are MCQ type questions of 1 mark each.
- iii. Section-B: Question no. 10 and 11 are Very short answer type questions of 2 marks each.
- iv. Section-C: Question no. 12 is short answer type question, carrying 3 marks.
- v. Section-D: Question no. 13 to 15 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- vi. Section-E: Question no. 16 is source base questions, carrying 4 marks each.
- vii. Section-F: Question no. 17 and 18 are map-based questions carrying 2 and 3 marks accordingly.

SECTION-A

1. 'Third Reich of Dreams' was written by _____. (1)
(A) Joseph Stalin (B) Winston Churchill
(C) Franklin D Roosevelt (D) Charlotte Beradt
2. Who among the following is the head of the state and is the highest formal authority in the country? (1)
(A) Home Minister (B) Prime Minister (C) President (D) Vice President
3. The most common work of the Rajya Sabha is _____. (1)
(A) To look after the interests of various states, regions or federal units.
(B) To look after money Bill
(C) To appoint judges of Supreme Court and High Court
(D) To conduct Election
4. A body of persons having authority to initiate major policies, make decisions and implement them on the basis of the constitution and laws of the country is known as _____. (1)
(A) Bureaucracy (B) Executive (C) Judiciary (D) Legislative
5. Which one of the following anti-poverty programmes, aims to provide 100 days of wage employment to every household in rural areas? (1)
(A) PMRY (B) AAY
(C) MGNREGA (D) REGP
6. "In poor families all suffer, but some suffer more than others. In some cases, women, elderly people and female infants are denied equal access to resources available to the family." They are also called as _____. (1)
(A) Social exclusion (B) Inter-State Disparities
(C) Unfair Groups (D) Poorest of the Poor

7. Study the given graph about ‘Poverty Ratio in selected Indian States’ and answer the question that follows. (1)

Poverty Ratio in Selected Indian States, (As per 2011 Census)



Which of the following states has the poverty ratio above the National Average?

- (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Uttar Pradesh
(C) Tamil Nadu (D) Himachal Pradesh
8. Find the odd one out. (1)
(A) Wular lake (B) Dal lake (C) Sambhar lake (D) Nainital lake
9. Which river is known as “Dakshin Ganga”? (1)
(A) Godavari river (B) Yamuna river
(C) Ganga river (D) Krishna river

SECTION-B

10. What does ‘Integration of Judiciary’ mean? (2)
11. ‘The accepted average calorie requirements for determining poverty line in rural areas are considered to be higher than in urban areas.’ (2)
Answer the following questions based on the above statement:
(a) State the accepted average calorie requirement fixed by the Indian government to determine poverty line in rural and urban areas.
(b) Give reason why the calorie requirement is higher in rural areas as compared to urban areas.

SECTION-C

12. Highlight any three events of 1933 that led to the destruction of democracy in Germany. (3)

SECTION-D

13. ” Prime Minister is the head of the government”. Justify the statement. (5)
14. (a) ‘There are a number of causes for the widespread poverty in India.’ In the light of the given statement, enumerate any four major causes of poverty in India. (2)

- (b) 'Different states have adopted different measures to tackle the problem of poverty.' In the light of the above statement give one factor responsible for reduction of poverty in each of the following states: (3)
- (i) West Bengal
 - (ii) Punjab
 - (iii) Kerala

15. a) Why are the rivers considered as the lifeline of human civilization? (Two points) (1)
b) Write natural and human made factors which pollutes the river? (Two each) (1)
c) Write a short note on Ganga River system. (3)

SECTION-E

16. Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions: (4)
- In the spring of 1945, a little eleven-year-old German boy called Helmuth was lying in bed when he overheard his parents discussing something in serious tones. His father, a prominent physician, deliberated with his wife whether the time had come to kill the entire family, or if he should commit suicide alone. His father spoke about his fear of revenge, saying, 'Now the Allies will do to us what we did to the crippled and Jews.' The next day, he took Helmuth to the woods, where they spent their last happy time together, singing old children's songs. Later, Helmuth's father shot himself in his office. Helmuth remembers that he saw his father's bloody uniform being burnt in the family fireplace. So traumatised was he by what he had overheard and what had happened, that he reacted by refusing to eat at home for the following nine years! He was afraid that his mother might poison him.
- 16.1: Write the time period of Second World War.
16.2: What do you mean by Allies?
16.3: Why did Helmuth's father shoot himself? Name the propaganda minister of Hitler.

SECTION-F

17. A. On the given political map of World, locate and label the following: (2)
(a) UK, (b) Italy
18. On the political map of India, locate and label the following: (3)
a) Kolleru lake
b) River on which Nagarjuna Sagar dam is made.
c) River which is called Sorrow of Bihar.